

Results for the three months ended 31 December 2019

Voyage Care BondCo PLC

£215,000,000 5 %% Senior Secured Notes due 2023

£35,000,000 10% Second Lien Notes due 2023

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Voyage Care BondCo PLC is a public limited company incorporated under the laws of England and Wales and is a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Voyage BidCo Limited and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Voyage Care HoldCo Limited (previously Viking HoldCo Limited). In this report, 'Issuer' refers only to Voyage Care BondCo PLC. In this report, 'we', 'us', 'our' and the 'Group' refer to Voyage Care HoldCo Limited or Voyage BidCo Limited and their consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context otherwise requires. Our registered office is located at Wall Island, Birmingham Road, Lichfield, Staffordshire, WS14 OQP and our website is www.voyagecare.com. The information contained on our website is not part of this report.

Executive Summary

Financial highlights

The table below summarises financial information for the quarter ended 31 December 2019:

£ million	Q3 2020	Q3 2019
Revenue	67.5	63.4
EBITDA (before non-underlying items)	11.6	10.7
Operating profit	6.8	6.3
Profit for the period	1.6	0.4
Operating cash flow	9.1	8.7

Commentary on results

Operating performance in line with expectations, the key highlights of which are:

Performance during Q3 2020 vs. Q3 2019

- Revenue increased 6.5% to £67.5 million primarily due to growth in our Community based care businesses
- EBITDA increased 8.4% to £11.6 million as increased revenue together with improved operational efficiency and sleep in cost savings more than offset increases in staff costs driven by National Minimum Wage and National Living Wage increases.
- Quality ratings maintained at a market leading level, with 96% of services in England achieving a CQC rating of Good or Outstanding, and 100% of services compliant with the Care Inspectorate in Scotland and Wales
- Registered average occupancy was 94.4% compared to 93.6% in Q3 2019
- Community based care average weekly care hours increased by 17,300 hours, up to 104,900 hours

Company Overview

We are the leading provider of Registered care homes, measured in terms of beds, with a growing presence in Community based care services for adults with learning disabilities and other related complex and challenging support needs across the UK. The vast majority of people we support have life-long conditions and high acuity needs, which have been assessed as either 'critical' or 'substantial' by Local Authorities and the NHS and therefore require on-going care services to help them look after themselves.

- We supported 3,487 people as at 31 December 2019, comprising 1,903 through our Registered care home division and a further 1,584 through our growing Community based care service division.
- The typical person we support in each of our divisions is between the ages of 18 and 65 and has high dependency needs. Our Registered care home division typically provides at least two support staff members for every three individuals. This level of support is reflected in our average weekly fee of £1,725 per person for the three months ended 31 December 2019. Our Community based care services division, as at 31 December 2019, delivered approximately 105,000 hours of care per week, including Focused Healthcare. The provision of support averaged approximately 66 hours per week per person at an average hourly rate of £17.00 for the last three months ended 31 December 2019.
- Our 'person centred' approach to care ensures that we deliver quality, bespoke care packages tailored to the complex, high acuity care needs of the people we support. Quality scores remain high, with 96% of services inspected achieving a rating of Good or Outstanding following inspection. In Wales and Scotland, all of our services are 'compliant' with their respective inspection regimes.
- With approximately 11,000 staff, we strive to meet the requirements of each person we support and develop bespoke care packages tailored to their needs.

Our services

Our focus on quality of care services is core to all of our operations. The learning disability sector in which we operate is both highly regulated and fragmented. We are one of the few larger providers operating exclusively in this sector and specialising in providing care support for people with complex, high acuity support needs.

Our business is aligned into two divisions based on the type of setting in which care is provided; our Registered care home division where the home is directly Registered with CQC, and our Community based care services division where the Community based care office is Registered with the CQC and the care and support we provide is in the persons own home. Our business divisions complement the regulatory and delivery models of our services and provide flexibility to suit the needs of the people we care for. Our divisions are as follows:

Registered care homes

We provided care to individuals in our 264 Registered homes as at 31 December 2019. We hold the freehold interest in 228 of our Registered homes and 6 of our Registered homes are held on a long leasehold basis (each with a lease period of over 35 years remaining), collectively representing 91% of our Registered homes by number of beds. At 31 December 2019 we had 2,020 beds in our Registered properties with an average of 8 beds per property, providing a personal environment compared to larger facilities operated by some of our competitors.

Community based care services

Our Community based care services division operated out of 41 registered Domiciliary Care Agencies (DCAs) as at 31 December 2019. Typically, the people we support in our Community based care services division live in individual or communal accommodation provided by government agencies or Registered Social Landlords that are registered with the Homes and Communities Agency. Included within Community based care is Focused Healthcare (unless otherwise stated within this report), which supports young individuals living with their families who require specialist care or nursing.

Presentation of financial and other information

Financial data

This Quarterly report includes the condensed consolidated financial information (unaudited) of Voyage BidCo Limited and its subsidiaries for the three and nine month period ended 31 December 2019 ("Q3 2020" and "YTD 2020") and 31 December 2018 ("Q3 2019" and "YTD 2020"), and the financial year ending 31st March 2019 ("FYE 2019"), prepared in accordance with IFRS, and accompanying notes.

The consolidated financial statements consolidate those of the Company and its subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU (IFRSs), and the Company financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards 101 (FRS101) 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

Other financial measures

In this report, we may present certain non-IFRS measures, including cash conversion, EBITDA, EBITDA after non-underlying items, EBITDA margin, EBITDAR margin, EBITDAR after non-underlying items, Unit EBITDA (each, a 'Non-IFRS Metric'), which are not required by, or presented in accordance with IFRS. In this report, where applicable, the following terms have the following meanings:

- 'cash conversion' means EBITDA less maintenance capital expenditure divided by EBITDA;
- 'EBITDA' means earnings before non-underlying items, interest, tax, depreciation (including profit and loss on disposal of non-current assets) and amortisation;
- 'EBITDA margin' means EBITDA divided by revenue;
- 'EBITDA after non-underlying items' means EBITDA adjusted by the effects of certain non-underlying charges
- 'EBITDAR' means EBITDA before rent expense;
- 'EBITDAR margin' means EBITDA before rent expense divided by revenue;
- 'EBITDAR after non-underlying items' means EBITDA after non-underlying items and before rent expense; and
- 'Unit EBITDA' means EBITDA before overhead expenses, which we believe is a useful indicator of EBITDA on a divisional basis.

We believe that EBITDA, EBITDAR and Unit EBITDA are relevant measures for assessing our performance because they are adjusted for certain items which, we believe, are not indicative of our underlying operating performance, and thus aid in an understanding of profitability.

We believe that EBITDA is a useful indicator of our ability to incur and service our indebtedness and can assist certain investors, security analysts and other interested parties in evaluating us. We believe that EBITDAR is a common measure in our industry because it allows comparability across the sector for operations regardless of whether a business leases or owns its properties.

The Non-IFRS Metrics in this Report are used by different companies for differing purposes and are often calculated in ways that reflect the particular circumstances of those companies. You should exercise caution in comparing the Non-IFRS Metrics reported by us to such metrics or other similar metrics as reported by other companies. None of our Non-IFRS Metrics is a measurement of performance under IFRS and you should not consider those measures as an alternative to net income or operating profit determined in accordance with IFRS, as the case may be. The Non-IFRS Metrics do not necessarily indicate whether cash flow will be sufficient or available to meet our cash requirement and may not be indicative of our historical operating results, nor are such measures meant to be predictive of our future results. Our Non-IFRS Metrics have limitations as analytical tools, and you should not consider them in isolation.

Other data

Available beds

Our results of operations are impacted by the number of beds at certain locations as bed capacity determines the maximum number of people that can be cared for in our Registered care home division at any given time. Numbers of beds is presented in this report as at the end of the relevant period unless otherwise stated.

Occupancy

Occupancy presented in this report represents the total number of beds occupied in our Registered division as at the end of the relevant period unless otherwise stated.

Occupancy rates

Occupancy rates presented in this report represent the percentage of the total number of beds occupied in our Registered division as at the end of the relevant period unless otherwise stated.

Community based care services

Our results of operations are impacted by the number of people supported in our Community based care services division at any given time. The number of people supported in our Community based care services division is presented in this report as at the end of the relevant period unless otherwise stated.

Fee rates

Fee rates depend on the service that is being provided and the funder that is paying for the care package and is dependent on the nature of the pricing agreement in place. The fee rates for our Registered care home division refer to the average weekly fees in a given period. The fee rates for our Community based care services division refer to average hourly rates charged to a funder per carer in a given period.

Adjustments

Certain numerical information and other amounts and percentages presented in this report have been subject to rounding adjustments. Accordingly, in certain instances, the sum of the numbers in a column or a row in tables may not conform exactly to the total figure given for that column or row or the sum of certain numbers presented as a percentage may not conform exactly to the total percentage given.

The abbreviation 'nm' is used in this report in certain instances when a percentage variance produces a non-meaningful result (e.g. when the divisor in a calculation is zero).

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations

Key factors affecting our results of operations

Revenue

Revenue in our Registered care home division is primarily driven by the number of beds occupied at any given time, together with the fee rates charged for occupancy of such beds. Revenue in our Community based care services division is primarily driven by the number of placements at any given time, together with the fee rates charged per hour for the delivery of care and support to those whom we support.

Registered available beds and Community based care placements

Changes in the number of our available beds and Community based care placements can have a significant effect on our results because our capacity determines the maximum number of individuals that we can provide care to at any given time and the number of placements determines the number of care hours that we are asked to provide at any given time.

The average available beds and average Community based care placements for the given periods are stated below:

	Q3 2020	Q3 2019	YTD 2020	YTD 2019	FYE Mar 2019
Registered beds	2,025	2,074	2,037	2,048	2,038
Community based care placements	1,750	1,565	1,705	1,512	1,550
Total	3,774	3,639	3,742	3,560	3,588

Occupancy rate

Our occupancy rates reflect the demand for our services, which is principally driven by our relationships with Local Authorities and NHS, reputation for quality, the ability to offer bespoke and complex care packages and flexibility to adapt the environment of our Registered homes to suit the individual needs of the people we support. In addition to occupancy rates, we formally monitor admissions, leavers and the progress of referrals for vacancies on a weekly basis in order to ensure that we efficiently manage our vacancies and maximise our earnings.

The average occupancy rates for the given periods are stated below:

	Q3 2020	Q3 2019	YTD 2020	YTD 2019	FYE Mar 2019
Registered	94.4%	93.6%	94.3%	93.1%	93.4%

Fee rates

Fee rates depend on the individual needs of the people we support, the complexity of care required and the type of accommodation needed. The majority of our contracts are spot contracts and fees are agreed with Local Authorities and the NHS on an individual basis for each person we support.

Average weekly fees for Registered beds and the average hourly rate for Community based placements for the LTM are stated below:

			LTM De	FYE	
		_	2019	2018	2019
Registered	£wk	£wk	1,725	1,691	1,702
Community based Care	£hr	£hr	17.00	17.08	17.11

Key operating expenses

Staff costs

Staff costs are our most significant expense and include wages and salaries, social security costs and other pension costs and cover the cost of support staff, senior support staff, service managers, regional management teams and central overhead staff costs comprising of our head office support functions. Our staff costs are affected by:

- our discretionary pay awards, which are periodic salary increases;
- increases in the national minimum wage and national living wage (both increased in April 2019);
- increases in national insurance rates;
- increases in wage rates for staff in other service industries (with which we compete for staff);
- legislation governing employee pensions, in particular legislation governing the automatic enrolment of employees into a
 workplace pension, also impacts on our staff costs as we are required to contribute to pension schemes for qualifying
 employees; and
- bonus schemes, being annual and other schemes operating at any one time.

	Q3 2020	Q3 2019	YTD 2020	YTD 2019	FYE Mar 2019
£m	46.4	43.1	137.8	127.1	170.5
	68.7%	68.0%	69.0%	68.3%	68.3%
	83.0%	80.4%	82.9%	80.1%	81.7%
	Q3 2020	Q3 2019	YTD 2020	YTD 2019	FYE Mar 2019
£m	42.1	39.3	125.6	115.9	155.4
	62.4% 75.3%	62.0% 74.7%	62.9% 75.5%	62.2% 74.4%	62.2% 74.5%
		£m 46.4 68.7% 83.0% Q3 2020 £m 42.1 62.4%	£m 46.4 43.1 68.7% 68.0% 83.0% 80.4% Q3 2020 Q3 2019 £m 42.1 39.3 62.4% 62.0%	£m 46.4 43.1 137.8 68.7% 68.0% 69.0% 83.0% 80.4% 82.9% Q3 2020 Q3 2019 YTD 2020 £m 42.1 39.3 125.6 62.4% 62.0% 62.9%	£m 46.4 43.1 137.8 127.1 68.7% 68.0% 69.0% 68.3% 83.0% 80.4% 82.9% 80.1% Q3 2020 Q3 2019 YTD 2020 YTD 2019 £m 42.1 39.3 125.6 115.9 62.4% 62.0% 62.9% 62.2%

^{*} Staff costs stated before non-underlying items

Other operating costs (in addition to staff costs)

Our other operating costs are principally comprised of operating costs to support our care homes. Key items of expenditure are agency costs, occupancy-related costs such as food and consumables, and non-occupancy-related costs such as rent, council tax, utilities (gas, electricity and water), property maintenance, insurance, vehicle rental and running costs.

^{**} Excludes depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment, profit/(loss) on disposals of non-current assets, goodwill amortisation, interest and taxation

Consolidated statement of profit & loss

£ million	Q3 2020	Q3 2019	% Change	YTD 2020	YTD 2019	% Change
Revenue	67.5	63.4	6.5%	199.6	186.2	7.2%
Staff costs	(46.4)	(43.1)	(7.7%)	(137.8)	(127.1)	(8.4%)
Agency Costs	(2.0)	(2.1)	4.8%	(5.7)	(6.3)	9.5%
Direct expenses & consumables	(2.0)	(2.0)	(0.0%)	(5.8)	(5.8)	(0.0%)
Property lease rentals	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.0%)	(0.5)	(0.4)	(25.0%)
Other lease rentals	(0.3)	(0.1)	nm	(0.8)	(0.3)	nm
Other external charges	(5.2)	(5.2)	(0.0%)	(15.7)	(15.9)	1.3%
EBITDA	11.6	10.7	8.4%	33.3	30.4	9.5%
Non-underlying items	(0.2)	(0.4)	50.0%	(0.6)	(0.3)	(100.0%)
EBITDA after non-underlying items	11.5	10.3	11.7%	32.7	30.1	8.6%
Depreciation & impairment	(3.5)	(3.7)	5.4%	(12.0)	(11.3)	(6.2%)
Profit on disposal of non-current assets	(0.6)	0.3	nm	(4.4)	0.5	nm
Amortisation of intangible assets	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.0%)	(1.8)	(1.7)	(5.9%)
Operating profit	6.8	6.3	7.9%	14.5	17.6	(17.6%)
Finance income	0.0	0.0	nm	0.1	0.1	(0.0%)
Finance expense	(4.8)	(4.9)	2.0%	(14.6)	(14.5)	(0.7%)
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	2.1	1.5	40.0%	(0.0)	3.1	nm
Taxation	(0.5)	(1.0)	50.0%	(1.2)	(2.6)	53.8%
Profit/(Loss) for the period	1.6	0.4	nm	(1.2)	0.5	nm
Other financial metrics						
Staff costs (excluding central overheads)	42.1	39.3	(7.1%)	125.6	115.9	(8.4%)
Overhead expenses & bonus	5.7	5.2	(9.6%)	16.6	15.6	(6.4%)
Unit EBITDA	17.3	15.9	8.8%	49.9	46.1	8.2%
Unit EBITDA margin %	25.6%	25.1%	0.5%	25.0%	24.8%	0.2%
EBITDA margin %	17.2%	16.9%	0.3%	16.7%	16.3%	0.4%
EBITDAR	11.7	10.9	7.3%	33.8	30.8	9.7%
EBITDAR margin %	17.3%	17.2%	0.1%	16.9%	16.5%	0.4%
EBITDAR after non-underlying items	11.6	10.4	11.5%	33.2	30.5	8.9%
EBITDAR after non-underlying items margin %	17.2%	16.4%	0.8%	16.6%	16.4%	0.2%

^{*} Amounts stated above are unaudited

Revenue

Revenue represents total fees receivable from Local Authorities and CCGs for services provided to the people we support.

- Q3 2020 revenue increased by £4.1 million, or 6.5% to £67.5 million from £63.4 million for Q3 2019, primarily due to organic growth including fee increases.
- YTD 2020 revenue increased by £13.4 million, or 7.2% to £199.6 million from £186.2 million for YTD 2019, primarily due to organic growth including fee increases.

Staff costs

Staff costs consist of wages and salaries, social security costs and other pension costs.

- Staff costs (excluding overheads) for Q3 2020 increased by £2.8 million, or 7.1% to £42.1 million (which represented 62.4% of revenue) from £39.3 million (which represented 62.0% of revenue) for Q3 2019, primarily due to staff required to support the growth in our business (£2.8 million), increases in staff costs as a result of National Minimum Wage increase (£1.3 million), partially offset by lower sleep-in costs (£0.8m).
- Staff costs (excluding overheads) for YTD 2020 increased by £9.7 million, or 8.4% to £125.6 million (which represented 62.9% of revenue) from £115.9 million (which represented 62.2% of revenue) for YTD 2019, primarily due to staff required to support the growth in our business (£4.5 million), increases in staff costs as a result of National Minimum Wage increase (£3.9 million), partially offset by lower sleep-in costs (£2.3m).

Agency costs

Agency costs consist of expenditure on third party suppliers who provide Voyage with staff to carry out the day to day operations of the business.

- Agency costs for Q3 2020 reduced by £0.1 million, or 4.8% to £2.0 million from £2.1 million for Q3 2019.
- Agency costs for YTD 2020 reduced by £0.6 million, or 9.5% to £5.7 million from £6.3 million for YTD 2019.

Direct expenses and consumables

Direct expenses and consumables include direct costs incurred in operating services on a day-to-day basis, including home provisions (e.g. food, etc.), day care activities, registration fees and therapists particularly for those people we support with acquired brain injuries.

- Q3 2020 direct expenses and consumables remained consistent with Q3 2019 at £2.0 million.
- YTD 2020 direct expenses and consumables remained consistent with YTD 2019 at £5.8 million.

Property lease rentals

Property lease rentals consist primarily of low-value leases, leases expiring within one month and lease payments for irrecoverable VAT that are out of scope under IFRS 16 and as such their cost remains within operating expenditure.

- Q3 2020 property lease rentals remained consistent with Q3 2019 at £0.1 million.
- YTD 2020 property lease rentals increased by £0.1 million to £0.5 million, from £0.4 million for YTD 2019.

Other lease rentals

Other lease rentals consist primarily of motor vehicle leases. We currently lease approximately 243 vehicles, which are primarily used to transport the people we support. Low-value leases, leases expiring within one month and lease payments for irrecoverable VAT are out of scope under IFRS 16 and as such their cost remains within operating expenditure.

- Q3 2020 other lease rentals increased by £0.2 million to £0.3 million, from £0.1 million for Q3 2019.
- YTD 2020 other lease rentals increased by £0.5 million to £0.8 million, from £0.3 million for YTD 2019, due to an increased number of leased vehicles.

Other external charges

Other external charges consist of indirect costs incurred in running and maintaining services, Local Authority rates, council tax, repairs, utilities, training and professional fees.

- Q3 2020 other external charges remained consistent with Q2 2019 at £5.2 million.
- YTD 2020 other external charges reduced by £0.2 million to £15.7 million, from £15.9 million for YTD 2019.

EBITDA

EBITDA is not a recognised performance measure under IFRS and may not be directly comparable with similar measures used by other companies. We define EBITDA as earnings before non-underlying items, interest, tax, depreciation, impairment, profit/(loss) on disposal of assets and amortisation. We believe EBITDA provides additional useful information on the underlying performance of our business. This measure is consistent with how business performance is monitored internally.

- Q3 2020 EBITDA increased by £0.9 million, or 8.4% to £11.6 million from £10.7 million for Q3 2019. This increase is due
 to the extra contribution generated from the growth in our business, operational efficiency and lower sleep-in costs,
 partially offset by certain inflationary pay rises and National Minimum Wage.
- YTD 2020 EBITDA increased by £2.9 million, or 9.5% to £33.3 million from £30.4 million for YTD 2019. This increase is due to the extra contribution generated from the growth in our business, operational efficiency and lower sleep-in costs, partially offset by certain inflationary pay rises and National Minimum Wage.

Non-underlying items

Non-underlying items include certain one-off cash and non-cash charges which are non-recurring.

- Q3 2020 non-underlying items were £0.2 million (Q3 2019: £0.4 million).
- YTD 2020 non-underlying items were £0.6 million (YTD 2019: £0.3 million).

EBITDA after non-underlying items

EBITDA after non-underlying items is not a recognised performance measure under IFRS and may not be directly comparable with similar measures used by other companies.

- Q3 2020 EBITDA after non-underlying items increased by £1.2 million, or 11.7% to £11.5 million from £10.3 million for Q3 2019.
- YTD 2020 EBITDA after non-underlying items increased by £2.6 million, or 8.6% to £32.7 million from £30.1 million for YTD 2019.

Depreciation & impairment

Depreciation & impairment comprises the write off of the cost of property, plant and equipment to their residual value over their estimated useful life. Non-current assets once classified as held for sale are not depreciated or amortised and are stated at the lower of previous carrying value and fair value.

- Q3 2020 depreciation and impairment of property plant and equipment decreased by £0.2 million, or 5.4% to £3.5 million from £3.7 million for Q3 2019.
- YTD 2020 depreciation and impairment of property plant and equipment increased by £0.7 million, or 6.2% to £12.0 million from £11.3 million for YTD 2019.

Profit on disposal of non-current assets

Profit on disposal of non-current assets represents the difference between the net disposal proceeds received and the net book value of non-current assets at the time of disposal.

- Q3 2020 the profit on the disposal of non-current assets was a loss of £0.6 million (Q3 2019: £0.3 million profit), primarily due to the sale of a portfolio of supported living freehold property.
- YTD 2020 the profit on the disposal of non-current assets was a loss of £4.4 million (YTD 2019: £0.5 million profit), primarily due to the sale of a portfolio of supported living freehold property.

Amortisation of intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately or in a business combination are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The carrying amounts of intangible assets are reviewed annually to determine whether the assets have suffered an impairment loss.

- Q3 2020 amortisation of intangible assets remained consistent with Q3 2019 at £0.6 million.
- YTD 2020 amortisation of intangible assets increased by £0.1 million to £1.8 million from £1.7 million for YTD 2019.

Operating Profit

Operating Profit consists of earnings before interest and taxation.

- Q3 2020 operating profit increased by £0.5 million to £6.8 million from £6.3 million for Q3 2019.
- YTD 2020 operating profit decreased by £3.1 million to £14.1 million from £17.6 million for YTD 2019.

Finance income

Finance income consists of interest received on current account and deposit account balances.

- Q3 2020 interest receivable and other income remained consistent at £nil when compared to Q3 2019.
- YTD 2020 interest receivable and other income consistent at £0.1 million when compared to YTD 2019.

Finance expenses

Finance expenses on bank loans primarily consist of interest payable and fees relating to the Senior Secured Notes and Second Lien Notes (the 'Senior Facilities'), as well as other finance costs including the interest on the Revolving Credit Facility.

- Q3 2020 interest payable and similar charges on bank loans decreased by £0.1 million to £4.8 million from £4.9 million for Q3 2019.
- YTD 2020 interest payable and similar charges on bank loans increased by £0.1 million to £14.6 million from £14.5 million for YTD 2019.

Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation represents the result of the statement of profit and loss before provision for taxation.

- Q3 2020 profit before taxation increased by £0.6 million to £2.1 million from £1.5 million for Q3 2019.
- YTD 2020 profit before taxation decreased by £3.1 million to £nil from a profit of £3.1 million for YTD 2019.

Taxation

Taxation is based on the profit/loss for the year and accounts for deferred taxation movements.

- For Q3 2020 a taxation charge of £0.5 million was recognised compared to taxation charge of £1.0 million for Q3 2019.
- For YTD 2020 a taxation charge of £1.2 million was recognised compared to taxation charge of £2.6 million for YTD 2019.

Profit / (Loss) for the period

Profit / (Loss) for the period represents the result of the statement of profit and loss after provision for taxation.

- Q3 2020 profit for the year increased by £1.2 million to £1.6 million from £0.4 million for Q3 2019.
- YTD 2020 profit for the year decreased by £1.7 million to a loss of £1.2 million from a profit of £0.5 million for YTD 2019.

Liquidity and capital resources

Our principal sources of liquidity are our existing cash and cash equivalents, cash generated from operations and any borrowings under our Revolving Credit Facility. Our principal uses of cash are to fund capital expenditures, provide working capital, meet debt service requirements and finance our strategic plans, including possible acquisitions. We believe that our operating cash flows and borrowing capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility are sufficient to meet our requirements and commitments for the coming year.

At 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2018, our cash balances were £22.2 million and £10.0 million, respectively.

Net debt as at 31 December 2019 was £228.2 million (31 December 2018: £266.0 million), comprising £250.0 million of borrowings under the Senior Secured Notes and Second Lien Notes, £nil borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility (31 December 2018: £24.5 million), and £22.2 million of cash (31 December 2018: £10.0 million). Within the £22.2 million cash balance was £0.4 million of restricted cash (31 December 2018: £1.4 million) which is excluded from cash for the purposes of calculating the net debt. We have undrawn committed facilities of £45.0 million in the RCF.

Leverage as at 31 December 2019 (calculated as defined in the legal financing documentation) was 5.18x (31 December 2018: 6.65x). With the inclusion of IFRS16 lease liability, the leverage would have increased to 5.72x (31 December 2018: 7.21x).

Consolidated statement of cash flow

	Q3	Q3	%	YTD	YTD	%
£ million	2020	2019	Change	2020	2019	Change
EBITDA before non-underlying items	11.6	10.7	8.4%	33.3	30.4	9.5%
Maintenance capex	(2.6)	(2.0)	30.0%	(6.8)	(5.8)	17.2%
Operating cash flow	9.1	8.7	4.6%	26.4	24.6	7.3%
Cash conversion %	78.1%	80.9%	(2.9%)	79.5%	81.0%	(1.5%)
Non-underlying items (1)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(50.0%)	(0.6)	(0.3)	100.0%
Working capital	2.0	(1.1)	nm	1.0	(7.3)	nm
Interest	(8.2)	(8.4)	(2.4%)	(16.8)	(16.9)	0.6%
Taxation	(0.1)	(0.4)	(75.0%)	(0.7)	(0.4)	(75.0%)
FCF before Dev. Capex, Acquisitions and Financing	2.7	(1.6)	nm	9.3	(0.3)	nm
Development capex (2)	(0.2)	(9.6)	(97.9%)	(2.8)	(13.2)	78.8%
Acquisition (3)	0.0	0.3	nm	(2.8)	(2.1)	(33.3%)
Proceeds from sale	5.3	1.5	nm	25.6	2.3	nm
FCF before Financing	7.8	(9.4)	nm	29.3	(13.3)	nm
Property and vehicle lease payments (IFRS16)	(0.9)	(0.9)	0.0%	(2.8)	(3.1)	9.7%
Net cash flow used in financing activities	0.0	13.3	nm	(23.0)	9.5	nm
Movement in cash for the period	6.9	3.0	nm	3.5	(7.0)	nm
Opening cash and cash equivalents	15.3	7.0	nm	18.7	16.9	(10.7%)
Closing cash and cash equivalents	22.2	10.0	nm	22.2	10.0	nm
Other financial metrics						
Maintenance capex, ex. IT spend (£m)	2.0	1.8	13.1%	5.1	5.0	(2.5%)
Maintenance capex, ex. IT spend (% revenue)	3.0%	2.8%	0.2%	2.6%	2.7%	(0.1%)
Maintenance capex, ex. IT spend (£k pa per bed)	4.2	3.7	15.0%	3.6	3.5	(1.8%)

⁽¹⁾ Excludes cash flows in relation to acquisition integration costs

⁽²⁾ Net of disposal proceeds and includes development capital expenditure and capital expenditure with respect to supporting our head office function. Excludes cash flows in relation to acquisition capital expenditure

⁽³⁾ Includes net overdraft acquired with subsidiaries

Operating cash flow

- Q3 2020 operating cash flow increased by £0.4 million, or 4.6% to £9.1 million from £8.7 million for Q3 2019. The increase is primarily due to a £0.9 million increase in EBITDA, partially offset by a £0.6 million increase in maintenance capex.
- YTD 2020 operating cash flow increased by £1.8 million, or 7.3% to £26.4 million from £24.6 million for YTD 2019. The
 increase is primarily due to a £2.9 million increase in EBITDA, partially offset by a £1.0 million increase in maintenance
 capex.

Non-underlying items

- Q3 2020 non-underlying items outflow decreased by £0.2 million to £0.2 million from £0.4 million for Q3 2019.
- YTD 2020 non-underlying items outflow increased by £0.3 million to £0.6 million from £0.3 million for YTD 2019.

Working capital

- Q3 2020 working capital inflow increased by £3.1 million to £2.0 million from an outflow of £1.1 million when compared with Q3 2019.
- YTD 2020 working capital inflow increased by £8.3 million to £1.0 million from an outflow of £7.3 million when compared to YTD 2019.

Interest

- Q3 2020 interest payable decreased by £0.2 million to £8.2 million from £8.4 million when compared to Q3 2019.
- YTD 2020 interest payable decreased by £0.1 million to £16.8 million from £16.9 million when compared to YTD 2019.

Taxation

- For Q3 2020 we paid £0.1 million in relation to corporation tax payments made on account (Q3 2019: £0.4 million).
- For YTD 2020 we paid £0.7 million in relation to corporation tax payments made on account (YTD 2019: £0.4 million).

Free Cash Flow before Development Capex, Acquisitions and Financing

- Q3 2020 Free Cash Flow before Development Capex, Acquisitions and Financing improved to £2.7 million inflow from £1.6 million outflow for Q3 2019.
- YTD 2020 Free Cash Flow before Development Capex, Acquisitions and Financing improved to £9.3 million inflow from £0.3 million outflow for YTD 2019.

Capital expenditure

Development capital expenditure primarily comprises build costs and other professional expenses in connection with new builds, conversions of existing properties, and the purchase of motor vehicles. Maintenance capital expenditure (which is recorded separately) primarily comprises purchases of new replacement equipment and fixtures. Our future capital (development) expenditure amounts will be discretionary, and we may adjust in any period according to our strategy to continue to selectively expand capacity and evaluate opportunities that enhance our profitability. We intend to finance all of our projected capital expenditure through a combination of cash flows from operations and borrowings under our Revolving Credit Facility where necessary.

- Q3 2020 capital expenditure decreased by £9.4 million to £0.2 million from £9.6 million for Q3 2019.
- YTD 2020 capital expenditure decreased by £10.4 million to £2.8 million from £13.2 million for YTD 2019.

Acquisition

- For Q3 2020 there was £nil outflow on acquisitions (Q3 2019: £0.3 million).
- For YTD 2020 there was £2.8 million outflow on acquisitions, this relates to the acquisition of Fox Elms Care Limited on 2nd July 2019 and the remaining 6% share capital of Focused Healthcare (YTD 2019: £13.2 million).

Proceeds from Sale

- For Q3 2020 there was £5.3 million cash inflow, which included deferred consideration from the sale of a portfolio of 36 freehold properties on 9 September 2019.
- For YTD 2020 there was £25.6 million cash inflow, which was primarily from the sale of a portfolio of 36 freehold properties on 9 September 2019.

Free Cash Flow before Financing

- Q3 2020 free cash flow before financing was £7.8 million inflow compared to a £9.4 million outflow for Q3 2019.
- YTD 2020 free cash flow before financing was £29.3 million inflow compared to a £13.3 million outflow for YTD 2019.

Property and vehicle lease payments

- During Q3 2020 we made £0.9 million of lease payments under IFRS16 consistent with Q3 2019.
- During YTD 2020 we made £2.8 million of lease payments under IFRS16 compared to £3.1 million for YTD 2019.

Net cash flow used in financing activities

- For Q3 2020 there was £nil cash outflow, compared to £13.3 million for Q3 2019.
- For YTD 2020 there was £23.0 million cash outflow predominantly relating to the repayment of our RCF borrowing, compared to £9.5 million inflow for YTD 2019.

Contractual obligations

The following table summarises our material contractual obligations at 31 December 2019. The following table shows the total amount payable and excludes any future interest payments that we would be required to make. The table also excludes any amount that is available under the Revolving Credit Facility and any interest payable.

0-1 year	1-2 years	2 years or more	Total
-	-	215.0	215.0
-	-	35.0	35.0
0.0			0.0
0.0	0.0	250.0	250.0
	- 0.0	0-1 year years 0.0	0-1 year years or more - - 215.0 - - 35.0 0.0 - -

- (1) Represents the aggregate principal amount of the existing Senior Secured Notes $\,$
- (2) Represents the aggregate principal amount of the existing Second Lien Notes
- (3) The Revolving Credit Facility was partially drawn over a term of less than 1 year

Consolidated statement of financial position

£ million	Dec-19	Dec-18	% Change
Non-Current Assets	408.0	437.4	(6.7%)
Current Assets			
Trade and Other Receivables, Prepayments	26.8	27.1	(0.9%)
Cash at bank and in hand	22.2	10.0	122.8%
Assets classified as held for sale	2.5	0.9	nm
Total Assets	459.4	475.3	1.2%
Non-current liabilities			
Loan Notes	265.3	265.5	0.1%
Tax Liabilities	10.3	10.7	3.3%
Accruals and Deferred Income	0.0	0.0	nm
Employee benefits	0.3	0.3	18.7%
Provisions for liabilities and charges	0.5	0.4	(36.5%)
Current Liabilities	50.8	66.5	23.5%
Equity	132.2	131.9	(0.2%)
Total Equity and Liabilities	459.4	475.3	1.2%

^{*} Receivables in December 2019 include £1.0 million of intercompany loans (December 2018: £1.0 million), and current liabilities in December 2019 include £2.1 million of intercompany loans (December 2018: £2.1 million).

^{**} Loan notes include unamortised issue costs of £5.6 million (December 2018: £7.7 million).

Key Business Divisions

	Revenue			Revenue		
	Q3	Q3	%	YTD	YTD	%
£ million	2020	2019	Change	2020	2019	Change
Registered	43.6	42.8	1.9%	129.9	126.1	3.0%
Community Based Care	21.3	18.0	18.3%	61.9	52.3	18.4%
Focused Healthcare	2.6	2.6	0.0%	7.8	7.8	0.0%
Total	67.5	63.4	6.5%	199.6	186.2	7.2%

		EBITDA EBITDA			EBITDA		
	Q3	Q3	%	YTD	YTD	%	
£ million	2020	2019	Change	2020	2019	Change	
Registered	8.8	8.6	2.3%	25.1	24.2	3.7%	
Community Based Care	2.1	1.6	31.3%	6.1	4.3	41.9%	
Focused Healthcare	0.8	0.6	33.3%	2.1	2.0	5.0%	
Total	11.6	10.7	8.4%	33.3	30.4	9.5%	

Other financial metrics	Q3 2020	Q3 2019	Change	YTD 2020	YTD 2019	Change
Average Registered occupancy	1,911	1,942	(31)	1,921	1,935	(14)
Average Registered occupancy %	94.4%	93.6%	0.7%	94.3%	93.5%	0.8%
Average Weekly Community Based hours	104,900	87,600	17,300	101,000	85,000	16,000
Closing Registered occupancy	1,903	1,944	(41)	1,903	1,944	(41)
Closing Registered occupancy %	94.2%	93.8%	0.4%	94.2%	94.1%	0.1%
Closing Weekly Community Based hours	105,000	87,900	17,100	105,000	87,900	17,100

 $^{^{*}}$ Q3 2019 EBITDA and YTD 2019 EBITDA above has been adjusted in line with the Group's decision to early adopt IFRS16.

Property Analysis

At the 31 December 2019 the number of freehold properties held was 260, a net decrease of 37 properties since 31 December 2018. The net book value of the freehold properties was £314.4 million.

The reduction in freehold properties is primarily due to the sale of a portfolio of properties to Triple Point Social Housing REIT plc, with the initial sale of 36 properties completing on 9th September 2019, and a further 4 properties completed during Q3 2020. This sale is in line with the Group's strategy of encouraging and supporting third-party ownership of Supported Living properties, further reinforcing the existing separation of housing and support arrangements for the tenants in these properties.

We have increased our provision of properties supporting the Community division by 39, with capacity increasing by 190 since 31 December 2018.

Of our Registered properties, 88.0% of capacity is freehold compared to 7.9% of capacity in Community, which is in line with our strategy to utilise 3rd Party Capital to drive Community based care growth.

31 December 2019	Re	egistered	Community		Daycare	DCA		Total
	#	Capacity	#	Capacity	#	#	#	Capacity
Freehold	228	1,777	23	94	4	5	260	1,871
Leasehold/Rental (1)	36	243	3	20	9	32	80	263
3rd Party Owned (2)	0	0	279	1,084	2	4	285	1,084
Totals	264	2,020	305	1,198	15	41	625	3,218
Freehold NBV (£m) (3)		305.7		6.7	2.0			314.4

31 December 2018	Re	egistered	Co	mmunity	Daycare	DCA		Total
	#	Capacity	#	Capacity	#	#	#	Capacity
Freehold	230	1,805	55	274	4	8	297	2,079
Leasehold/Rental (1)	40	267	10	64	10	22	82	331
3rd Party Owned (2)	0	0	201	670	2	7	210	670
Totals	270	2,072	266	1,008	16	37	589	3,080

Movement	Re	egistered	Co	mmunity	Daycare	DCA		Total
	#	Capacity	#	Capacity	#	#	#	Capacity
Freehold	(2)	(28)	(32)	(180)	0	(3)	(37)	(208)
Leasehold/Rental (1)	(4)	(24)	(7)	(44)	(1)	10	(2)	(68)
3rd Party Owned (2)	0	0	78	414	0	(3)	75	414
Totals	(6)	(52)	39	190	(1)	4	36	138

⁽¹⁾ Leasehold/Rental includes properties which are on a long term lease and properties on short term rental which have been obtained to support immediate commissioner requirements.

^{(2) 3}rd Party owned Supported Living properties are leased to a Registered Provider such as a Housing Association and then rented to the people we support. Rent and maintenance are usually covered by Housing Benefit claimed by the people we support.

⁽³⁾ Freehold NBV is not separately shown under DCA, as the Freehold 'DCA' offices operate from Freehold 'Community' Properties. Freehold NBV excludes assets held for sale and leasehold, encumbered and third party properties.

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Registered number 05752534

For the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019

Voyage BidCo Limited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) For the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019

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	Notes	3 ma	onths ended 31 De	cember 2019	3 month	s ended 31 Decei	mber 2018 (3)
		Underlying items	Non- underlying	Total	Underlying items	Non- underlying	Total
		£000	items (2) £000	£000	£000	items (2) £000	£000
Continuing operations		07.504	_	07.504	00.070	_	00.070
Revenue Operating expenses	5	67,501 (60,341)	(300)	67,501 (60,641)	63,372 (56,636)	(412)	63,372 (57,048)
Adjusted EBITDA (1)		11,642	(141)	11,501	10,734	(412)	10,322
Depreciation and impairment of propplant and equipment	erty,	(3,314)	(159)	(3,473)	(3,701)	-	(3,701)
(Loss) / profit on disposal of non-cur Amortisation of intangible assets	rent assets	(552) (616)	-	(552) (616)	285 (582)	-	285 (582)
Amortisation of intangible assets		(616)		(616)	(562)		(362)
Operating profit		7,160	(300)	6,860	6,736	(412)	6,324
Finance income	6	28	-	28	20	-	20
Finance expense	7	(4,764)		(4,764)	(4,855)		(4,855)
Profit / (loss) before taxation		2,424	(300)	2,124	1,901	(412)	1,489
Taxation	8	(488)	-	(488)	(1,044)	-	(1,044)
Profit / (loss) for the period from continuing operations	-	1,936	(300)	1,636	857	(412)	445
Profit / (loss) attributable to equity holders of the parent	, - -	1,936	(300)	1,636	857	(412)	445
	Notes	9 mo Underlying items	onths ended 31 De Non- underlying items (2)	cember 2019 Total	9 month Underlying items	s ended 31 Decei Non- underlying items (2)	mber 2018 (3) Total
		£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Continuing operations		100 500		100 500	100 170		100 170
Revenue Operating expenses	5	199,596 (184,020)	(1,080)	199,596 (185,100)	186,173 (168,286)	(315)	186,173 (168,601)
				,			
Adjusted EBITDA (1) Depreciation and impairment of prop	nerty.	33,267 (10,247)	(555) (1,730)	32,712 (11,977)	30,431 (11,269)	(315)	30,116 (11,269)
(Loss) / profit on disposal of non-cur	•	(5,646)	(1,730)	(5,646)	468	-	468
Profit on terminating lease obligation		-	1,205	1,205	-	-	-
Amortisation of intangible assets		(1,798)	-	(1,798)	(1,743)	-	(1,743)
Operating profit	=	15,576	(1,080)	14,496	17,887	(315)	17,572
			,				
Finance income Finance expense	6 7	83 (14,582)	-	83 (14,582)	57 (14,536)	-	57 (14,536)
·	, -						
Profit / (loss) before taxation		1,077	(1,080)	(3)	3,408	(315)	3,093
Taxation	8	(1,174)	-	(1,174)	(2,554)	-	(2,554)
Profit / (loss) for the period from continuing operations	=	(97)	(1,080)	(1,177)	854	(315)	539
Profit / (loss) attributable to equity holders of the parent	,	(97)	(1,080)	(1,177)	854	(315)	539

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted EBITDA represents earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, impairment, profit / (loss) on disposal of assets and amortisation.

 ⁽²⁾ Further breakdown of non-underlying items analysed in note 4.
 (3) Restated due to the transition to IFRS 16 - Refer to accounting policies.

Voyage BidCo Limited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Other Comprehensive Income (unaudited) For the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019

	3 months ended 31 December 2019 £000	3 months ended 31 December 2018 (1) £000
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent	1,636	445
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss Remeasurements of the defined benefit liability	-	-
Total comprehensive income attributable to equity holders of the parent for the financial period	1,636	445
	9 months ended 31 December 2019 £000	9 months ended 31 December 2018 (1) £000
(Loca) / profit attributable to equity helders of the parent		
(Loss) / profit attributable to equity holders of the parent	(1,177)	539
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss Remeasurements of the defined benefit liability	(1,177)	539

⁽¹⁾ Restated due to the transition to IFRS 16 - Refer to accounting policies.

Voyage BidCo Limited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (unaudited) At 31 December 2019

	Notes	31 Dec £000	ember 2019 £000	31 Decemb £000	per 2018 (1) £000	31 £000	March 2019 £000
Assets							
Non-current assets							
Goodwill	9	46,578		44,236		45,452	
Intangible assets	10	6,028		6,377		6,246	
Property, plant and equipment	11	355,351		386,787		383,959	
		_	407,957		437,400	_	435,657
Current assets							
Trade and other receivables		26,826		27,077		25,612	
Corporation tax		-		-		590	
Cash and cash equivalents	_	22,195	=	9,960	-	18,686	
		49,021		37,037		44,888	
Assets classified as held for sale	12	2,459		880		2,802	
			51,480		37,917		47,690
Total assets		_	459,437	_	475,317	- -	483,347
Liabilities Current liabilities							
Loans and borrowings	13	2,736		27,113		25,663	
Trade and other payables		28,406		23,593		28,926	
Accruals and deferred income		17,847		14,929		18,355	
Corporation tax		910		1,697		-	
Provisions	14	548		639		548	
Other financial liabilities	15	400	50,847	1,140	69,111	1,140_	74,632
			00,0		00,		,
Non-current liabilities							
Loans and borrowings	13	265,282		262,924		263,634	
Deferred tax liabilities		10,349		10,697		10,945	
Provisions	14	490		359		490	
Employee benefits		283		348		283	
		_	276,404		274,328	_	275,352
Total liabilities		_	327,251	_	343,439	- -	349,984
Net assets		_	132,186	_	131,878	_	133,363
		_		_		_	
Equity Capital and reserves							
Issued share capital		-		-		-	
Share premium		252,872		252,872		252,872	
Retained earnings		(120,686)		(120,994)		(119,509)	
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent		_	132,186	_	131,878	_	133,363

Company registered number: 05752534

⁽¹⁾ Restated due to the transition to IFRS 16- Refer to accounting policies.

Attributable to equity holders of the parent

Group	Issued share capital £000	Share premium £000	Retained earnings £000	Total parent equity £000
At 1 October 2019	-	252,872	(122,322)	130,550
Total comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period Other comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	- -	1,636	1,636
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	1,636	1,636
At 31 December 2019		252,872	(120,686)	132,186

For the 3 month period ended 31 December 2018 (1)

Attributable to equity holders of the parent

Group	Issued share capital £000	Share premium £000	Retained earnings £000	Total parent equity £000
At 1 October 2018		252,872	(121,439)	131,433
Total comprehensive income for the period				
Profit for the period	-	-	445	445
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	445	445
At 31 December 2018		252,872	(120,994)	131,878

For the 9 month period ended 31 December 2019

Attributable to equity holders of the parent

Group	Issued share capital £000	Share premium £000	Retained earnings £000	Total parent equity £000
At 1 April 2019		252,872	(119,509)	133,363
Total comprehensive expense for the period Loss for the period Other comprehensive income		<u>-</u>	(1,177)	(1,177)
Total comprehensive expense for the period	=	-	(1,177)	(1,177)
At 31 December 2019		252,872	(120,686)	132,186

For the 9 month period ended 31 December 2018 (1)

Attributable to equity holders of the parent

Group	Issued share capital £000	Share premium £000	Retained earnings £000	Total parent equity £000
At 1 April 2018		252,872	(122,287)	130,585
Adjustment on initial application of IFRS 16 (net of tax)	- -	252,872	754 (121,533)	754 131,339
Total comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period Other comprehensive income	-	-	539	539
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	539	539
At 31 December 2018		252,872	(120,994)	131,878

⁽¹⁾ Restated due to the transition to IFRS 16- Refer to accounting policies.

Voyage BidCo Limited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow (unaudited) For the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019

Adjustments for. Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment (Loss / (profit) on disposal of non-current assets (Loss / (profit) on disposal on		3 months ended 31 December 2019 £000	3 months ended 31 December 2018 (1) £000	9 months ended 31 December 2019 £000	9 months ended 31 December 2018 (1) £000
Adjustments for: Depreciation and impairment of perpetry, plant and equipment Loss / (profit) on disposal of non-current assets: Profit on terminating lease obligation Amortisation of intangible assets 616 582 1,798 1,74 Finance income (28) (20) (83) (5 Finance sepense 4,764 4,855 14,562 14,53 Taxation 488 1,044 1,174 2,55 Movements in working capital: Decrease / (increase) in trade and other receivables Increase / (decrease) in trade and other 289 338 (1,051) (3,00 payables (Decrease) / (decrease) in trade and other 289 338 (1,051) (3,00 payables (Decrease) / (decrease) in provisions, employee benefits and other financial liabilities Cash generated from operating activities Cash generated from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash generated from sales of property, plant and equipment 4,2777 (11,566) (9,438) (18,58 equipment 8,2777 (11,566) (9,438) (18,58 equipment 9,2777 (11,566) (9,438) (18,58 equipment 1,2777 (11,566) (9,438) (18,58 equipment 1,2777 (11,566) (9,438) (18,58 equipment 1,2777 (11,566) (9,438) (18,58 equipment 2,2777 (11,566) (9,438) (18,58 equipment 3,323 (1,508 (2,307) (1,567) (2,37) (1,567) equipment 2,324 (2,377) (1,567) (2,377) (1,567) equipment 3,324 (2,377) (1,567) (2,377) (1,567) equipment 3,324 (2,377) (2,377) (2,377) (2,377) equipment 3,324 (2,377) (3,377) (3,377) (3,377) equipment 3,324 (3,377) (3,377) (3,377) (3,377) equipment 3,324 (3,377) (3,377) (3,377) (3,377) (3,377) (3,377) equipment 3,324 (3,377) (3,377	sh flows from operating activities				
Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment 1,265 11,265 12,265 12,265 13,646 (46 486	` '	1,636	445	(1,177)	539
Loss / (profit) on disposal of non-current assets	Depreciation and impairment of	3,473	3,701	11,977	11,269
Amortisation of intangible assets 616 582 1.798 1.74 Finance income (28) (20) (83) (55 Finance expense 4,764 4,855 14,562 14,552 Taxation 488 1,044 1,174 2,55 Movements in working capital: Decrease / (increase) in trade and other 2,050 2,030 3,030 3,030 (6,33) Increase / (decrease) in trade and other 289 338 (1,051) (3,00) Increase / (decrease) in trade and other 289 338 (1,051) (3,00) Increase / (decrease) in trade and other 289 338 (1,051) (3,00) Increase / (decrease) in provisions, - (14) 400 (2 Increase /	Loss / (profit) on disposal of non-current	552	(285)	5,646	(468)
Finance income (28) (20) (83) (5 Finance expense 4,764 4,855 14,582 14,582 Taxation 488 1,044 1,174 2,555 Movements in working capital: Decrease / (Increase) in trade and other 289 338 (1,051) (3,00 payables (Decrease) / (Increase) in trade and other 289 338 (1,051) (3,00 payables (Decrease) / (Increase) in trade and other 289 389 1,922 1,04 deferred income Increase / (decrease) in provisions, and other Increase / (decrease) in provisions, and other Increase / (Increase) / (Increas	= = =	-	-	* * * *	-
Finance expense	6				1,743
Taxation		, ,	, ,	, ,	(57) 14 536
Decrease / (increase) in trade and other receivables 1,050 (2,303) (307) (5,33) (2,303) (307) (5,33) (2,303) (307) (5,33) (2,303) (307) (5,33) (2,303) (307) (5,33) (2,303) (307) (3,000) (3,00) (3,00) (3,00) (3,00) (3,00) (3,00) (3,000) (3,00) (3,00) (3,00) (3,00) (3,00) (3,00) (3,000) (3,00)	•				2,554
Increase / (decrease) in trade and other 289 338 (1,051) (3,00 payables (Decrease) / increase in accruals and 700 889 1,922 1,04 deferred income Increase / (decrease) in provisions, - (14) 400 (2 (2 (2 (2 (2 (2 (2	vements in working capital:				
payables (Decrease) / increase in accruals and deferred income Increase / (decrease) in provisions, employee benefits and other financial liabilities Cash generated from operating activities Interest paid (8,175) (8,360) (16,873) (16,92) Tax paid (79) (442) (654) (444) Net cash generated from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows from investing activities Interest paid 16 8 48 2 Payments to acquire property, plant and equipment (2,777) (11,566) (9,438) (18,85) (18,85) (19,985) (18,85) (19,98		1,050	(2,303)	(307)	(5,338)
Cash generated from operating activities 13,540 9,232 33,676 22,78	* *	289	338	(1,051)	(3,006)
Increase / (decrease) in provisions, employee benefits and other financial liabilities		700	889	1,922	1,041
Interest paid	ncrease / (decrease) in provisions, employee benefits and other financial	-	(14)	400	(26)
Tax paid (79)	h generated from operating activities	13,540	9,232	33,676	22,787
Tax paid (79)	rest naid	(8 175)	(8.360)	(16.873)	(16 929)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received 16 8 48 2 Payments to acquire property, plant and (2,777) (11,566) (9,438) (18,85 equipment Payments to acquire intangible assets (11) (51) (237) (16 Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Receipts / (payments) to acquire a business - 251 (2,817) (2,09 combination Cash and cash equivalents on acquisition of business combination Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities Cash flows from financing activities Issue of share capital	•	, , ,	, ,	, ,	(442)
Interest received 16 8 48 28 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20		5,286	430	16,149	5,416
Payments to acquire property, plant and equipment Payments to acquire intangible assets (11) (51) (237) (16 Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Receipts / (payments) to acquire a business - 251 (2,817) (2,09 Cash and cash equivalents on acquisition of business combination Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities Cash flows from financing activities Cash flows from financing activities Susue of share capital	sh flows from investing activities				
equipment Payments to acquire intangible assets (11) (51) (237) (16 Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Receipts / (payments) to acquire a business - 251 (2,817) (2,09 combination Cash and cash equivalents on acquisition of - 3 business combination Net cash generated from / (used in) 2,551 (9,850) 13,199 (18,74 investing activities Cash flows from financing activities Issue of share capital Issue of new Loan Notes Property and vehicle lease payments (897) (928) (2,839) (3,13 Proceeds / (repayments) of loans and - 13,300 (23,000) 9,50					25
Payments to acquire intangible assets (11) (51) (237) (16 Proceeds from sales of property, plant and 5,323 1,508 25,640 2,33 equipment Receipts / (payments) to acquire a business - 251 (2,817) (2,09 combination Cash and cash equivalents on acquisition of business combination Net cash generated from / (used in) 2,551 (9,850) 13,199 (18,74 investing activities Cash flows from financing activities Issue of share capital Issue of new Loan Notes Property and vehicle lease payments (897) (928) (2,839) (3,13 Proceeds / (repayments) of loans and - 13,300 (23,000) 9,50		(2,777)	(11,566)	(9,438)	(18,852)
equipment Receipts / (payments) to acquire a business - 251 (2,817) (2,09 combination Cash and cash equivalents on acquisition of business combination Net cash generated from / (used in) 2,551 (9,850) 13,199 (18,74 investing activities Cash flows from financing activities Cash flows from financing activities Issue of share capital		(11)	(51)	(237)	(160)
combination Cash and cash equivalents on acquisition of business combination Net cash generated from / (used in)		5,323	1,508	25,640	2,331
Cash and cash equivalents on acquisition of business combination - - 3 Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities 2,551 (9,850) 13,199 (18,74) Cash flows from financing activities Issue of share capital - - - - Issue of new Loan Notes - - - - Property and vehicle lease payments (897) (928) (2,839) (3,13) Proceeds / (repayments) of loans and - 13,300 (23,000) 9,50		-	251	(2,817)	(2,090)
Cash flows from financing activities Issue of share capital - - - Issue of new Loan Notes - - - Property and vehicle lease payments (897) (928) (2,839) (3,13) Proceeds / (repayments) of loans and - 13,300 (23,000) 9,50	sh and cash equivalents on acquisition of	-	-	3	-
Issue of share capital - <td></td> <td>2,551</td> <td>(9,850)</td> <td>13,199</td> <td>(18,746)</td>		2,551	(9,850)	13,199	(18,746)
Issue of new Loan Notes - - - - Property and vehicle lease payments (897) (928) (2,839) (3,13) Proceeds / (repayments) of loans and - 13,300 (23,000) 9,50	sh flows from financing activities				
Property and vehicle lease payments (897) (928) (2,839) (3,13 Proceeds / (repayments) of loans and - 13,300 (23,000) 9,50	·	-	-	-	-
Proceeds / (repayments) of loans and - 13,300 (23,000) 9,50		(007)	- (200)	- (0.000)	- (0.404)
	ceeds / (repayments) of loans and	(897)			9,500
Net cash generated / (used in) financing (897) 12,372 (25,839) 6,36 activities		(897)	12,372	(25,839)	6,366
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and 6,940 2,952 3,509 (6,96 cash equivalents in the period	` '	6,940	2,952	3,509	(6,964)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning 15,255 7,008 18,686 16,92 of the period		15,255	7,008	18,686	16,924
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period 22,195 9,960 22,195 9,960		22,195	9,960	22,195	9,960

⁽¹⁾ Restated due to the transition to IFRS 16- Refer to accounting policies.

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019

1 Reporting entity

Voyage BidCo Limited (the Company) is a company incorporated in England and Wales. Its parent and ultimate holding company is Voyage Care HoldCo Limited. The consolidated financial statements consolidate those of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the Group). The principal activity of the Group is the provision of the high quality care and support services for people with learning disabilities, brain injury rehabilitation and other complex needs.

2 Accounting policies

These interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. They do not include all of the financial information required for full annual financial statements. The Group has prepared the condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS applicable for the 9 month period ended 31 December 2019, together with comparative period data for the 9 month period ended 31 December 2018.

The comparative data for the 9 month period ended 31 December 2018 has been restated to reflect IFRS 16 which was not adopted until year end. The impact of the transition is summarised below:

Statement of Financial Position	31 December 2018
	£'000
Right-of-use asset presented in property, plant and equipment	16,638
Other debtors	(402)
Accruals	4,281
Provisions and liabilities	2,656
Lease liability	(22,560)
Movement in profit	141
Retained earnings	(754)

As a result of applying IFRS16, the Group has recognised depreciation and interest costs, instead of an operating lease expense. During the 9 month period ended 31 December 2018, the Group recognised £2,593,000 of depreciation charges and £475,000 of interest costs from those leases. Operating lease charges that would have been previously recognised under the previous accounting policy would have been £2,927,000 as a result there has been a net decrease in profit before taxation.

The financial information contained herein is unaudited and does not constitute statutory accounts as defined by Section 435 of the Companies Act 2006.

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments which are stated at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss. Non-current assets held for sale are stated at the lower of previous carrying value and fair value.

In preparing these condensed consolidated financial statements, management have made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenue and expenses. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis and any revisions to these estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future period affected.

The accounting policies applied in these condensed consolidated financial statements is consistent with the statutory accounts for the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 March 2019. In addition, the risks and risk management techniques identified in the statutory accounts for the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 March 2019 should be referred to in connection with these condensed consolidated financial statements as they remain applicable.

Adopted IFRS not yet applied

The following amended standards and interpretations have been endorsed by the EU but are not yet effective:

- IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Tax Treatments (effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019);
- Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (Amendments to IFRS 9) (effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019):
- Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amendments to IAS 28) (effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019);
- Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (Amendments to IAS 19) (effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019); and
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle various standards (effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019).

The above standards and interpretations are not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Goina concern

The Group, of which the Company is a member, is funded through a combination of Shareholders' Funds, Unsecured Shareholders Loans, Senior Secured Notes and Second Lien Notes.

£215 million of 5.875% Senior Secured Notes and £35 million of 10% Second Lien Notes are due in 2023 and a Revolving Credit Facility of £45.0 million due 2023 was undrawn at 31 December 2019. The Directors are mindful of the due date of the external financing arrangements and recognise the need to review refinancing or capital structure options at the appropriate time. The Investor and Management Fixed Rate Unsecured Loan Notes are payable at the earlier of an exit or September 2024.

The Group's trading cash forecasts, which take into account reasonably possible changes in trading activities, show that the Group will be in compliance with all covenants and will have adequate funds to meet its liabilities, including debt servicing costs, for the foreseeable future.

The Directors therefore believe it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) continued

For the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019

Information reported to senior management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of performance of each segment focuses on the type of care services provided by the Group. The Voyage Care Group operates solely within the UK therefore no geographical segment reporting has been disclosed. The primary business segments stated below are based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure.

- Registered: supporting individuals in our specially adapted homes;
 Community Based Care: supporting individuals in their own home promoting independence; and
 Focused Healthcare: supporting young individuals living with their families who require specialist care or nursing.

Other income and expenditure relates to those items not directly attributable to an operating segment.

The reported segmental information represents income and expenditure generated from external customers and external suppliers only. There were no inter-segment transactions reported during the current period (2018: £Nil).

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 2. Segment profits represents adjusted EBITDA earned by each segment without allocation of non-underlying items and net finance costs which is in conjunction with the information reported to the senior management.

	Con	ntinuing Operations		
For the 3 month period ended 31 December 2019 Revenue	Registered £000 43,607	Community Based Care £000 21,287	Focused Healthcare £000 2,607	Group £000 67,501
Adjusted EBITDA (before non-underlying items) Non-underlying items	8,762	2,107	773	11,642 (141)
Adjusted EBITDA (after non-underlying items)			-	11,501
Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment Loss on disposal of non-current assets and lease obligations Amortisation of intangible assets Net finance expense Taxation Profit for the period			<u>-</u>	(3,473) (552) (616) (4,736) (488) 1,636
	Cor	ntinuing Operations		
For the 3 month period ended 31 December 2018 (1) Revenue Adjusted EBITDA (before non-underlying items)	Registered £000 42,755 8,559	Community Based Care £000 18,033 1,598	Focused Healthcare £000 2,584	Group £000 63,372 10,734
Non-underlying items			_	(412)
Adjusted EBITDA (after non-underlying items) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment				10,322 (3,701)
Profit on disposal of non-current assets Amortisation of intangible assets Net finance expense Taxation Profit for the period			-	285 (582) (4,835) (1,044) 445
	Con	ntinuing Operations		
		Community	Focused	
For the 9 month period ended 31 December 2019 Revenue	Registered £000 129,883	Based Care £000 61,909	Healthcare £000 7,804	Group £000 199,596
Adjusted EBITDA (before non-underlying items) Non-underlying items	25,063	6,066	2,138	33,267 (555)
Adjusted EBITDA (after non-underlying items)				32,712
Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment Loss on disposal of non-current assets and lease obligations Amortisation of intangible assets Net finance expense Taxation Loss for the period			- -	(11,977) (4,441) (1,798) (14,499) (1,174) (1,177)
	Con	ntinuing Operations		
For the 9 month period ended 31 December 2018 (1)	Registered £000	Community Based Care £000	Focused Healthcare £000	Group £000
Revenue Adjusted EBITDA (before non-underlying items) Non-underlying items	126,070 24,156	52,282 4,252	7,821 2,023	186,173 30,431 (315)
Adjusted EBITDA (after non-underlying items)			=	30,116
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Profit on disposal of non-current assets Amortisation of intangible assets Net finance expense Taxation Profit for the period			-	(11,269) 468 (1,743) (14,479) (2,554) 539

(1) Restated due to the transition to IFRS 16 - Refer to accounting policies.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) continued For the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019

4 Non-underlying items

The Group separately identifies and discloses certain items, referred to as non-underlying items, by virtue of size, nature and occurrence. This is consistent with the way that financial performance is measured by senior management and assists in providing a meaningful analysis of underlying operating results by excluding items that may not be part of the ordinary activity of the business.

The following table details the non-underlying items that have been incurred in the reporting periods:

		3 months ended 31 December 2019	3 months ended 31 December 2018 (1)	9 months ended 31 December 2019	9 months ended 31 December 2018 (1)
		£000	£000	£000	£000
Continuing operations	Notes				
Non-underlying items:					
Restructuring costs	а	-	120	206	120
Day Care income	b	-	(6)	(130)	(334)
Project costs	С	141	298	413	529
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	d	159	-	1,730	-
Purchase of long-term lease	е	-	-	(1,205)	-
Acquisition costs	f	-	-	66	-
		300	412	1,080	315

The key elements of the expenditure for both periods are set out below:

(a) Restructuring costs

For the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019, the Group incurred costs in relation to restructuring its workforce and as a result remuneration costs of £Nil and £206,000, respectively, were incurred (3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2018: £120,000).

(b) Day Care Income

For the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019, the Group was in receipt of funds in relation to backdated VAT on its Day Care business of £Nil and £130,000, respectively (3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2018: £6,000 and £334,000, respectively).

(c) Project costs

The Group is undertaking a programme to improve the quality, accuracy and support for its customers by investing in its head office and operational function, as a result for the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019 fees of £141,000 and £413,000, respectively, were incurred (3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2018: £298,000 and £529,000, respectively).

(d) Impairment of property, plant and equipment

Impairment or property, praint and equipment. For the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019, the Group recognised an impairment charge due to the carrying amount of an asset exceeding its recoverable amount. As a result for the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019 an impairment charge of £159,000 and £1,730,000, respectively, were incurred (3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2018: £Nil).

(e) Purchase of long-term lease

For the 9 month period ended 31 December 2019, the Group acquired the freehold of a leasehold property and as a result of disposing a right of use asset and derecognising a lease liability a profit of £1,205,000 was generated (31 December 2018: £Nil).

(f) Acquisition costs

For the 9 month period ended 31 December 2019, the Group had acquisition costs in relation to the acquisition of Fox Elms Community Care Limited of £66,000 (31 December 2018: £Nil).

5 Operating profit before taxation

Operating profit before taxation is stated after charging / (crediting):

	3 months ended 31 December 2019 £000	3 months ended 31 December 2018 (1) £000	9 months ended 31 December 2019 £000	9 months ended 31 December 2018 (1) £000
Continuing operations				
Direct expenses and consumables Staff costs:	1,955	1,977	5,823	5,774
Wages and salaries	42,850	39,964	127,455	117,716
Social security costs	2,849	2,740	8,392	7,964
Other pension costs	795	572	2,373	1,662
Operating lease rentals:				
Other lease rentals	199	118	640	350
Plant and machinery	88	122	249	327
Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment	3,473	3,701	11,977	11,269
Loss / (profit) on disposal of non-current assets	552	(285)	5,646	(468)
Profit on terminating lease obligation	-	-	(1,205)	-
Amortisation of intangible assets	616	582	1,798	1,743
Other external charges	7,264	7,563	22,082	22,598
Receipts in respect of VAT on the Group's Day Care activities	-	(6)	(130)	(334)
	60,641	57,048	185,100	168,601

⁽¹⁾ Restated due to the transition to IFRS 16 - Refer to accounting policies.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) continued For the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019

6	Finance income	3 months ended 31 December 2019 £000	3 months ended 31 December 2018 £000	9 months ended 31 December 2019 £000	9 months ended 31 December 2018 £000
	Continuing operations				
	Bank interest receivable	28	20	83	57_
7	Finance expense	3 months ended 31 December 2019 £000	3 months ended 31 December 2018 (1) £000	9 months ended 31 December 2019 £000	9 months ended 31 December 2018 (1) £000
	Continuing operations				
	Bank interest including RCF non-utilisation fees	140	270	695	775
	Loan notes interest	4,393	4,368	13,184	13,103
	Unwinding of lease liabilities	196	199	587	618
	Other finance costs	35	18	116	40
		4,764	4,855	14,582	14,536

Loan notes interest comprises loan notes interest of £4,115,000 and £12,107,000 for the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019, respectively (£4,033,000 and £12,098,000 for the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2018, respectively) and amortisation of issue costs and original issue discount of £278,000 and £1,077,000 for the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019, respectively (£335,000 and £1,005,000 for the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2018, respectively).

8 Taxation

The Group's underlying consolidated effective tax rate in respect of continuing operations for the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019 is 17.4% and 80.6%, respectively (3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2018: 54.9% and 133.4% (restated), respectively).

The Group's consolidated total effective tax rate in respect of continuing operations for the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019 is 20.7% and 499.6%, respectively (3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2018: 70.1% and 82.6% (restated), respectively).

The taxation is recognised based on management's best estimate of the weighted-average annual tax rate expected for the full financial year multiplied by the pretax income of the interim reporting period.

9	Goodwill	31 December 2019 £000	31 December 2018 £000	31 March 2019 £000
	Cost			
	Opening cost	54,008	52,792	52,792
	Acquisitions*	1,126	<u> </u>	1,216
	Opening and closing cost	55,134	52,792	54,008
	Accumulated impairment charge			
	Opening and closing impairment	8,556	8,556	8,556
	Impairment charge	-	-	-
	Opening and closing impairment	8,556	8,556	8,556
	Net book value			
	Closing net book value	46,578	44,236	45,452
	Opening net book value	45,452	44,236	44,236
10	Intangible assets	31 December 2019 £000	31 December 2018 £000	31 March 2019 £000
	Cost	2000	2000	2000
	Cost Opening cost			
	Opening cost	13,193	12,557	12,557
	Opening cost Acquisitions*	13,193 1,341	12,557	12,557 161
	Opening cost	13,193		12,557
	Opening cost Acquisitions* Additions Closing cost	13,193 1,341 239	12,557 - 160_	12,557 161 475
	Opening cost Acquisitions* Additions Closing cost Amortisation	13,193 1,341 239 14,773	12,557 - 160 12,717	12,557 161 475 13,193
	Opening cost Acquisitions* Additions Closing cost Amortisation Opening amortisation	13,193 1,341 239 14,773	12,557 - 160 12,717 4,597	12,557 161 475 13,193
	Opening cost Acquisitions* Additions Closing cost Amortisation Opening amortisation Provided during the period	13,193 1,341 239 14,773 6,947 1,798	12,557 160 12,717 4,597 1,743	12,557 161 475 13,193 4,597 2,350
	Opening cost Acquisitions* Additions Closing cost Amortisation Opening amortisation	13,193 1,341 239 14,773	12,557 - 160 12,717 4,597	12,557 161 475 13,193
	Opening cost Acquisitions* Additions Closing cost Amortisation Opening amortisation Provided during the period	13,193 1,341 239 14,773 6,947 1,798	12,557 160 12,717 4,597 1,743	12,557 161 475 13,193 4,597 2,350
	Opening cost Acquisitions* Additions Closing cost Amortisation Opening amortisation Provided during the period Closing amortisation	13,193 1,341 239 14,773 6,947 1,798	12,557 160 12,717 4,597 1,743	12,557 161 475 13,193 4,597 2,350
	Opening cost Acquisitions* Additions Closing cost Amortisation Opening amortisation Provided during the period Closing amortisation Net book value	13,193 1,341 239 14,773 6,947 1,798 8,745	12,557 - 160 12,717 4,597 1,743 6,340	12,557 161 475 13,193 4,597 2,350 6,947

^{*} During the 6 month period ending 30 September 2019, the Group acquired the share capital of Fox Elms Community Care Limited. The Group has applied IFRS 3 'Business Combinations' and provisional amounts have been recognised. Subsequent adjustments to these provisional amounts may be made to reflect the facts and circumstances that were in existence at the acquisition date.

⁽¹⁾ Restated due to the transition to IFRS 16 - Refer to accounting policies.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) continued For the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019

11 Property, plant an	d equipment	31 December 2019 £000	31 December 2018 (2) £000	31 March 2019 £000
Cost				
Opening cost		514,305	479,787	479,787
Adjustment on initi	al application of IFRS 16	-	17,547	16,234
Adjusted Balance	as at 1 April 2018	514,305	497,334	496,021
Acquisitions		20	2,090	900
Additions		14,325	20,171	26,079
Transfer from asse	ts held for sale	-	· -	53
Assets classified a	s held for sale	(877)	-	(4,674)
Disposals (1)		(42,957)	(1,680)	(4,074)
Closing cost		484,816	517,915	514,305
Depreciation				
Opening depreciat	on	130,346	120,634	120,634
Charge for the peri	od	10,247	11,269	14,818
Impairment		1,730	· -	746
Assets classified a	s held for sale	(409)	-	(3,080)
Disposals (1)		(12,449)	(775)	(2,772)
Closing depreciation	on	129,465	131,128	130,346
Net book value				
Closing net book v	alue	355,351	386,787	383,959
Opening net book	<i>y</i> alue	383,959	359,153	359,153

(1) The significant reduction in freehold properties is primarily due to the sale of a portfolio of properties. This sale is in line with the Group's strategy of encouraging and supporting third-party ownership of Supported Living properties, further reinforcing the existing separation of housing and support arrangements for the tenants in these properties.

12 Non-current assets classified as held for sale

Management have committed to a plan to sell a number of properties through a sale transaction rather than through continuing operational use. Accordingly, the properties are being presented as assets held for sale. Efforts to sell the non-current assets have started and a sale is expected to be completed within one year from the date of classification.

As at 31 December 2019, the assets classified as held for sale are £2,459,000 (31 December 2018: £880,000 and 31 March 2019: £2,802,000).

13 Loans and borrowings	31 December 2019 £000	31 December 2018 (2) £000	31 March 2019 £000
Bank loans	-	24,500	23,000
Loan notes	244,400	242,977	243,312
Lease Liability	23,618	22,560	22,985
	268,018	290,037	289,297

Loan notes include unamortised issue costs and original issue discount of £5,600,000 (31 December 2018: £7,023,000 and 31 March 2019: £6,688,000) which after deducting from the loan note balance due of £250,000,000 results in a net loan note liability of £244,400,000 (31 December 2018: £242,977,000 and 31 March 2019: £243,312,000).

As at 31 December 2019 there was accrued interest of £2,689,000 (31 December 2018: £2,796,000 and 31 March 2019: £6,721,000) included within accruals disclosed within current liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position but excluded from this note.

Total debt can be analysed as falling due:

	31 December 2019 £000	31 December 2018 (2) £000	31 March 2019 £000
In one year or less	2,736	27,113	25,663
Between one and five years	253,309	251,487	251,982
After five years	11,973	11,437	11,652
	268,018	290,037	289,297

Loan notes

The Group issued £250 million of Loan Notes comprising £215 million Senior Secured Notes due 2023 and £35 million Second Lien Notes due 2023. In addition, the Group is party to a £45 million Revolving Credit Facility. The notes are listed on the Channel Island Stock Exchange. The interest rate and repayment terms of these loan notes are as follows:

Debt instrument	Currency	Loan balance £000	Interest rate	Repayment terms
Senior Secured Loan Notes	GBP	215,000	5 7/8%	May-23
Second Lien Notes	GBP	35,000	10.00%	Nov-23
Revolving Credit Facility				
Utilised	GBP	-	LIBOR +3.25%	Feb-23
Non utilised	GBP	45,000	1.1%	Feb-23

(2) Restated due to the transition to IFRS 16 - Refer to accounting policies.

Voyage BidCo Limited Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) continued For the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019

14 Provisions

Onerous lease provisions recognised will unwind over the term of the leases. Determining the extent of the provision requires an estimation of future lease costs, future expected sale proceeds and a discount rate in order to calculate present value.

15 Financial instruments

		Carrying amount				Fair value	
	li	Financial	Loans and recievables	Other financial	Total	Total	
		FV £000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
At 31 December 201	19						
	ot measured at fair value						
Trade and other recei		-	25,075	-	25,075	25,075	
Cash and cash equiva	alents	-	22,195	-	22,195	22,195	
		-	47,270	-	47,270	47,270	
Financial liabilities me	easured at fair value						
Deferred consideratio		400	-	-	400	400	
Financial liabilities no	ot measured at fair value						
Senior Secured Loan	Notes	-	-	210,248	210,248	217,150	
Second Lien Loan No		-	-	34,152	34,152	32,550	
Trade and other paya	bles	-	-	28,406	28,406	28,406	
Lease liabilities		-	-	23,618	23,618	23,618	
	<u> </u>	400	-	296,424	296,824	302,124	
At 04 December 004	10 (4)						
At 31 December 201	1 8 (1) ot measured at fair value						
Trade and other recei		_	24.147	_	24,147	24,147	
Cash and cash equive		-	9,960	-	9,960	9,960	
		-	34,107	-	34,107	34,107	
Financial liabilities me	easured at fair value						
Deferred consideratio		1,140	-	-	1,140	1,140	
Financial liabilities no	ot measured at fair value						
Senior Secured Loan		-	-	209,008	209,008	199,972	
Second Lien Loan No		-	-	33,969	33,969	32,284	
Revolving Credit Facil		-	-	24,500	24,500	24,500	
Trade and other paya	bles	-	-	23,593	23,593	23,593	
Lease liabilities		-	-	22,560	22,560	22,560	
	<u> </u>	1,140	-	313,630	314,770	304,049	
At 31 March 2019							
	ot measured at fair value						
Trade and other recei	ivables	-	24,485	-	24,485	24,485	
Cash and cash equiva	alents	-	18,686	-	18,686	18,686	
		-	43,171	-	43,171	43,171	
Financial liabilities me		4 4 4 4 0					
Deferred consideratio	n	1,140	-	-	1,140	1,140	
	ot measured at fair value						
Senior Secured Loan		-	-	209,304	209,304	237,153	
Second Lien Loan No		-	-	34,008	34,008	32,025	
Revolving Credit Facil		-	-	23,000	23,000	23,000	
Trade and other paya Lease liabilities	idles	-	-	28,926 22,985	28,926 22,985	28,926 22,985	
Lease Havilliles		-	-	22,900	22,300	22,300	
	_	1,140	-	318,223	319,363	345,229	

⁽¹⁾ Restated due to the transition to IFRS 16 - Refer to accounting policies.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) continued For the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019

15 Financial instruments - continued

Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either as a direct price or indirectly derived from prices.
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

Financial liabilities measured as fair value

At 31 December 2019

Securiber 2013	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
onsideration	-	-	400	400
	-	-	400	400
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
		-	1,140	1,140
	-	-	1,140	1,140
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
	-	-	1,140	1,140
	-	-	1,140	1,140

16 Fox Elms acquisition

Total cost of acquisition

On 2 July 2019, the Group acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Fox Elms Community Care Limited and its subsidiary. The principal activities of the company and its subsidiary is to provide similar services to that of the Voyage Care Group with the aim to further increase Voyage's presence in the market place.

The fair value of the assets acquired and the resulting goodwill is set out below:

Settlement of directors loan accounts and other outstanding balances

	Book value £000	Fair value adjustment £000	Fair value £000
Property, plant and equipment	20	_	20
Trade and other receivables	844	-	844
Directors loan account	3,702	-	3,702
Cash in hand, bank	5	-	5
Deferred tax	(256)	-	(256)
Trade and other payables	(59)	-	(59)
Accruals and deferred income	(196)	-	(196)
Corporation tax	(128)	<u> </u>	(128)
	3,932	<u> </u>	
Net assets		_	3,932
Brands			18
Non-compete agreement			201
Customer relationships Goodwill			1,122
Goodwill		_	1,126
		_	6,399
Satisfied by:			
Cash			1,843
Deferred consideration			400

The acquisition cost comprises initial cash consideration of £1,843,000 and contingent consideration of £400,000 which is linked to the future trading performance of the business.

For the 183 day period to 31 December 2019 the business contributed revenue of £1,315,000 and a profit after tax of £158,000. The revenue and profit after tax is reported within the Group's results for the 9 month period ended 31 December 2019. If acquired on 1 April 2019 the business contributions to revenue for the 9 months to 31 December 2019 would have been £1,976,000 and a profit after tax of £237,000.

4,156 **6,399**

The Group incurred acquisition costs of £66,000 which have been expensed as a non-underlying item in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The acquisition accounting for the acquisition is yet to be finalised and therefore the figures stated above are subject to any amendments.

Voyage BidCo Limited Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) continued For the 3 and 9 month period ended 31 December 2019

17 Contingent liability

Security granted on the Senior Secured Notes, the Second Lien Notes and the Revolving Credit Facility

The Company has guaranteed the amounts due under the Senior Secured Notes, the Second Lien Notes and the Revolving Credit Facility held in Voyage Care BondCo PLC. Security has been granted over all freehold and long leasehold property.

Potential liability in relation to sleep in shifts

In keeping with widespread practice in the social care sector, the Group operates at a number of sites where individual employees "sleep-in" overnight and are paid an allowance to do so.

In the past HMRC gave clear guidance that it did not consider sleep-ins to constitute "time work" for the purposes of NMW. However, the correct application of NMW regulations to sleep-ins was the subject of several legal decisions including that of the Employment Appeal Tribunal (EAT) in Royal Mencap Society v Tomlinson-Blake. From 1 July 2017 the government (BEIS) and HMRC changed their interpretation of the NMW regulations in relation to sleep-ins, and began to insist that sleeping time is "time work" for NMW purposes. The Group increased the allowance paid for a sleep-in shift from July 2017 to reflect this new interpretation of the regulations.

The Tomlinson-Blake decision, in which the Group was not directly involved, was appealed in the Court of Appeal in March 2018. Local authorities and other providers were also represented. In a major decision, the Court of Appeal ruled that for the purposes of the regulations on NMW, time spent on a sleep-in shift does not count as "time work" for NMW purposes. As a consequence of this, official guidance was again changed. Accordingly, in February 2019, consistent with the Court of Appeal ruling and the official guidance, the Group reduced the allowance paid for a sleep-in.

The Court of Appeal refused permission to appeal against its decision but a panel of Supreme Court judges subsequently granted Mrs Tomlinson-Blake permission to appeal. The Supreme Court gives such permission only in cases of public importance which it considers justify its attention. The appeal is listed to be heard in February 2020.

Notwithstanding that permission to appeal was granted, our legal advice is that it is unlikely that the Court of Appeal ruling will be overturned.

Given the grant of permission to appeal, the Board has decided that it is appropriate to make a contingent liability disclosure. Should the Court of Appeal ruling be overturned by the Supreme Court it is possible that the Group would be required to make backdated payments to its employees for a period of up to 6 years.

In the light of knowledge of how HMRC has dealt with these issues in the past (in particular, in introducing a non-statutory Scheme for resolution of issues in this area) the Board's judgment is that there is only a remote possibility that penalties would be imposed in those circumstances and therefore nothing has been included in this respect.

On this basis the Board estimates that a contingent liability up to a maximum of £16m should continue to be disclosed, consistent with the contingent liability disclosure made in the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019.

18 Controlling party

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Voyage HoldCo 2 Limited which is registered in England and Wales.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking is Voyage Care HoldCo Limited which is registered in England and Wales.

Copies of the Group financial statements of Voyage Care HoldCo Limited for the year ended 31 March 2019 may be obtained from:

The Company Secretary Voyage Care HoldCo Limited Wall Island Birmingham Road Lichfield Staffordshire WS14 0QP